URBAN RENEWAL TRUST FUND 市區更新信託基金

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF URBAN RENEWAL FUND (formerly known as "URBAN RENEWAL FUND LIMITED")

We have audited the financial statements of the Urban Renewal Trust Fund (the "Fund") set out on pages 3 to 13, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2014, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Trustee's responsibility for the financial statements

Urban Renewal Fund (formerly known as "Urban Renewal Fund Limited") (the "Trustee") is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and for such internal control as the Trustee determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Trustee, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF URBAN RENEWAL FUND (formerly known as "URBAN RENEWAL FUND LIMITED") (CONTINUED)

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 March 2014, and of its deficit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 30 June 2014

URBAN RENEWAL TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2014 HK\$	Year ended 31 March 2013 HK\$
Income Interest income on bank deposits		5,407,059	6,097,058
Expenses			
Auditor's remuneration		(37,440)	(17,740)
Consultancy fee	_	(52 (05)	(196,000)
Depreciation	7	(53,605)	(13,402)
District Urban Renewal Forum activities		(1 ((2 005)	(2.29(.190)
and programme expenses		(1,663,085)	(3,386,180)
Heritage Preservation & District Revitalisation		(975 590)	
Projects		(875,589)	(147.207)
Other operating expenses		(83,610) (685,092)	(147,307) (255,216)
Rent and rates Staff costs	6	(2,986,398)	(2,697,868)
	4	(16,155)	(14,885)
Trustee's reimbursable expenses Urban Renewal Social Service Teams	4	(9,428,283)	(7,946,378)
		(15,829,257)	(14,674,976)
Deficit and total comprehensive loss for the year			
attributable to the Fund		(10,422,198)	(8,577,918)

URBAN RENEWAL TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2014

	Note	2014 HK\$	2013 HK\$
Plant and equipment	7	101,134	154,739
Current assets Interest receivables Account receivables Prepayments Bank balances	8	2,719,725 328,711 9,954 481,769,920 484,828,310	2,468,178 17,358 491,010,942 493,496,478
Current liabilities Account payables Accruals		2,948,610 590,361 ————————————————————————————————————	1,786,984 51,562 ————————————————————————————————————
Net assets attributable to the Fund		481,390,473	491,812,671
Represented by:			
Endowment received Accumulated deficit	10	500,000,000 (18,609,527)	500,000,000 (8,187,329)
Fund employed		481,390,473	491,812,671

The financial statements on pages 3 to 13 were approved by the Board of Directors of Urban Renewal Fund (formerly known as "Urban Renewal Fund Limited") (in its capacity as the Trustee of the Fund) on 30 June 2014.

Director Direct

URBAN RENEWAL TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

	Endowment received HK\$	Accumulated surplus/ (deficit) HK\$	Total HK\$
Balance at 31 March 2012	500,000,000	390,589	500,390,589
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(8,577,918)	(8,577,918)
Balance at 31 March 2013	500,000,000	(8,187,329)	491,812,671
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(10,422,198)	(10,422,198)
Balance at 31 March 2014	500,000,000	(18,609,527)	481,390,473

URBAN RENEWAL TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2014 HK\$	Year ended 31 March 2013 HK\$
Cash flows from operating activities Deficit for the year Adjustment for:		(10,422,198)	(8,577,918)
Interest income Depreciation	7	(5,407,059) 53,605	(6,097,058) 13,402
Deficit before changes in working capital		(15,775,652)	(14,661,574)
(Increase)/decrease in account receivables and		(321,307)	607,652
prepayments Increase in account payables and accruals		1,700,425	1,639,397
Net cash used in operating activities		(14,396,534)	(12,414,525)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received Purchase of plant and equipment	7	5,155,512	3,768,696 (168,141)
Net cash flows generated from investing activities		5,155,512	3,600,555
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(9,241,022)	(8,813,970)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		491,010,942	499,824,912
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8	481,769,920	491,010,942

1 General information

- (a) In accordance with the new Urban Renewal Strategy ("URS") promulgated by the Development Bureau of the HKSAR Government on 24 February 2011, Urban Renewal Trust Fund (the "Fund") with endowment from the Urban Renewal Authority (the "URA") has been set up on 15 August 2011 to fund various activities to be conducted by the District Urban Renewal Forum, the social service teams who are providing assistance and advice to residents affected by URA-implemented redevelopment projects, and applications from non-governmental organisations and other stakeholders involved in heritage preservation and district revitalisation initiatives in the overall urban renewal context to be considered on a case-by-case basis.
- (b) The Urban Renewal Fund (formerly known as "Urban Renewal Fund Limited") (the "Trustee") is the trustee and settlor of the Fund.
- (c) The registered address of the Trustee is Room 2508, 25/F, COSCO Tower, 183 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong.
- (d) These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the Fund's functional currency.

2 Significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

(a) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and comply with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (which include all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards and Interpretations ("HKFRSs")) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA").

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no area involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or area where assumptions and estimates have a significant effect on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

(b) Standards, amendments and interpretations issued by the HKICPA

In current year, the Fund has applied the new standards, amendments and interpretations issued by the HKICPA that have become effective. The adoption of these new standards does not have a material impact on the results and financial position of the Fund.

The HKICPA has issued certain new standards, amendments and interpretations which are not yet effective as at 31 March 2014. The Fund has not early adopted these new and revised standards, amendments or interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective. The Trustee anticipates that the application of these new standards, amendments or interpretations will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Fund.

(c) Income recognition

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

(d) Plant and equipment

All plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Fund and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on plant and equipment is calculated to write off their costs less residual values over their anticipated useful lives on a straight line basis as follows:

Leasehold improvements

- Over 10 years or the life of the respective lease, whichever is the shorter

Furniture and office equipment

- 20% per annum

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in profit or loss.

2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

(e) Receivables

Receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Fund provides money, goods or services directly to a debtor with no intention of trading the receivable. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the end of reporting period, which are classified as non-current assets.

Receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment for receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Fund will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the assets' carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised in profit or loss.

(f) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses, except for those cases where the Fund has a present obligation as a result of committed events.

When there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

(g) Account payables

Account payables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise bank balances and deposits held at call with banks with original maturities of three months or less.

(i) Endowment

Endowment is recognised when it is received.

2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

(j) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency
Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the
currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the
"functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollar,
which is the functional and presentation currency of the Fund.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement to such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

(k) Employee benefits

Salaries and annual leave are accrued and recognised as an expense in the period in which the associated services are rendered by the employees of the Trustee.

The Trustee operates defined contribution schemes and pays contributions to scheme administrators on a mandatory or voluntary basis. The contributions are recognised as an expense when they are due.

3 Financial risk management

The Fund's activities expose it to variety of financial risks: cash flow and fair value interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise the potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

(a) Financial risk factors

(i) Cash flow interest rate risk

The Fund is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk due to the fluctuation of the prevailing market interest rate on bank deposits which carry at prevailing market interest rate.

Interest rate sensitivity

At the end of reporting period, if interest rates had been increased/decreased by 0.5% and all other variables were held constant, the deficit of the Fund would decrease/increase by approximately \$2,409,000 (2012/13: \$2,455,000) resulting from the change in interest income generated from the cash and cash equivalents.

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(ii) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from bank balances, interest receivables and account receivables. The exposure of credit risk to the Fund is minimal as the Trustee places bank balances with financial institutions with credit ratings ranging from Aal to A3 and there is no concentration in any particular bank.

(iii) Liquidity risk

The Fund aims to maintain sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet its operating requirements. The URA has committed to make further contribution to the Fund in future in the event that its fund balance is fully utilised.

The contractual undiscounted cash flows of the financial liabilities of the Fund which are due within one year of the end of reporting period based on the remaining periods at the end of reporting period to contractual maturity date are as shown in the statement of financial position.

(b) Capital risk management

The fund employed comprises mainly the endowment received and the accumulated deficit. Its objectives when managing capital are to ensure effective use of funds.

(c) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities of the Fund are assumed to approximate their carrying amounts due to the short-term maturities of these assets and liabilities.

4 Trustee's reimbursable expenses

All reasonable and proper administrative and other operating expenses properly incurred by the Trustee in its carrying out its duties for the proper functioning of the Trustee are reimbursed and settled by the Fund in accordance with the Trust Deed.

5 Income tax expenses

The Fund is exempted from Hong Kong Profits Tax under Section 88 of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance.

6 Staff costs

Staff costs are incurred for employees employed by the Trustee.

The Fund provides retirement benefits to its eligible employees under defined contribution schemes. In accordance with the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, the eligible employees enjoy retirement benefits under the Mandatory Provident Fund. The employer has also made voluntary contributions to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "Schemes"). The assets of the Schemes are held separately from those of the Fund and managed by independent administrators. The Fund normally makes voluntary contributions ranging from 5% to 10% of the employees' monthly salaries.

The total amount contributed by the Fund into the Schemes for the year ended 31 March 2014 was approximately \$194,000 (2012/13: \$170,000), which has been charged to the Fund's deficit for the year.

7 Plant and equipment

	Leasehold improvements HK\$	Furniture and office equipment HK\$	Total HK\$
At 31 March 2012			
Cost Accumulated depreciation		-	-
Net book amount	_	_	-
Year ended 31 March 2013			
Opening net book amount	-	-	-
Additions	139,841	28,300	168,141
Depreciation	(11,987)	(1,415)	(13,402)
Closing net book amount	127,854	26,885	154,739
A4 21 Mr 2012			
At 31 March 2013 Cost	139,841	28,300	168,141
Accumulated depreciation	(11,987)	(1,415)	(13,402)
Net book amount	127,854	26,885	154,739
Year ended 31 March 2014			
Opening net book amount	127,854	26,885	154,739
Depreciation	(47,945)	(5,660)	(53,605)
Closing net book amount	79,909	21,225	101,134
At 31 March 2014			
Cost	139,841	28,300	168,141
Accumulated depreciation	(59,932)	(7,075)	(67,007)
Net book amount	79,909	21,225	101,134

8 Bank balances

Dank Datances	<u>2014</u> HK\$	2013 HK\$
Cash at banks	819,920	710,942
Time deposits with banks with maturities of 3 months or less	480,950,000	490,300,000
	481,769,920	491,010,942
e e		
Maximum exposure to credit risk	481,769,920	491,010,942

The average effective interest rate of time deposits with banks was 1.11% per annum (31 March 2013: 1.23% per annum). These deposits have an average original maturity of 25 days (2012/13: 28 days).

The credit quality of the cash and cash equivalents which are in Hong Kong dollars can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings and are analysed as follows:

	2014 HK\$	2013 HK\$
Rating (Moody's) Aa1 – Aa3 A1 – A3	351,769,920 130,000,000	361,010,942 130,000,000
	481,769,920	491,010,942

9 Significant related party transactions

During the year, administrative and support services expenses valued at \$515,000 (2012/13: \$737,000) was borne directly by the URA. The Fund paid \$737,000 to the URA for rental and accommodation expenses at Room 2508, 25/F, COSCO Tower, 183 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong ("Office") (2012/13: \$411,000 for fitting out cost, rental and accommodation expenses of the Office).

10 Contribution from Urban Renewal Authority

The amount represents the \$500,000,000 endowment received by the Fund from the URA.

11 Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors of the Trustee on 30 June 2014.